Short Database Report

Vegetation Database of Central New Mexico – desert grass- and shrubland net-primary production quadrat data

Esteban Muldavin & John Mulhouse

Abstract: The Vegetation Database of Central New Mexico (GIVD ID NA-US-011) is part of a long-term study to monitor net primary production across three distinct ecosystems in central New Mexico, United States: creosote dominant shrubland, black grama dominant grassland, and blue grama dominant grassland. Since 1999, sampling of permanent 1m x 1m plots has been performed twice per year (spring/autumn) within black grama grassland and three times per year (spring/autumn/winter) within creosote shrubland. Since 2002, sampling has also been performed twice per year (spring/autumn) within blue grama grassland. This sampling of 120 plots (40 per ecosystem) remains ongoing at the Sevilleta National Wildlife Refuge, Socorro County, New Mexico. Species are later harvested from adjacent areas to determine biomass and results have documented vegetation dynamics within and between these ecosystems.

Keywords: black grama; blue grama; creosote; Chihuahuan Desert; Sevilleta; United States.

GIVD Database ID: NA-US-011 Last update: 2012-07-09

Vegetation Database of Central New Mexico

Scope: A long-term study to monitor net primary production across three distinct ecosystems: creosote dominant shrubland, black grama dominant grassland, and blue grama dominant grassland. Since 1999, sampling of permanent plots has been performed twice per year (spring/autumn) within black grama grassland and three times per year (spring/autumn/winter) within creosote shrubland. Since 2002, sampling has been performed twice per year (spring/autumn) within blue grama grassland. Sampling is ongoing.

Status: completed and continuing Period: 1999-2011

Database manager(s): John Mulhouse (mulhouse@sevilleta.unm.edu)

Owner: Sevilleta LTER

Web address: http://sev.lternet.edu/data/sev-129

Availability: free online Online upload: yes Online search: yes

Database format(s): CSV file

Publication: Muldavin EH, Moore DI, Collins SL, Wetherill KR, Lightfoot DC. 2008. Aboveground net primary production dynamics in a Northern

Chihuahuan Desert ecosystem. Oecologia. 155:123-132.

Plot type(s): normal plots Plot-size range: 1-1 m²

Non-overlapping plots: 120 Estimate of existing plots: 120 Completeness: 100%

Total plot observations: 120 Number of sources: [NA] Valid taxa: 138

Countries: US: 100.0%
Forest: [NA] — Non-forest: [NA]
Guilds: all vascular plants: 100%
Environmental data: [NA]

Performance measure(s): cover: 50%; number of individuals: 50%

Geographic localisation: [NA]
Sampling periods: [NA]

Information as of 2012-07-12; further details and future updates available from http://www.givd.info/lD/NA-US-011

Esteban Muldavin (muldavin@unm.edu), John Mulhouse* (mulhouse@sevilleta.unm.edu)
Department of Biology, University of New Mexico, MSC03 2020, 87131 Albuquerque, UNITED STATES

*Corresponding author